

CHASKA, MINNESOTA

TUESDAY, Feb. 23.—The glue works of Wahl Bros., Chicago, covering eight acres of ground were almost completely destroyed by fire yesterday, together with a large amount of stock.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 24.—Among the nominal winners yesterday by the President were two postmasters for Minnesota, Wm. Wetherbee of Wabasha and Chas. Lord of Shakopee. The Americans in Germany apparently recognize the membership of Washington's birthday among the national holidays. Belknap was in the city near Pouchouts yesterday.—Ernst Ortwein's crime was hung yesterday at Pittsburgh, Pa. His crime was the murder of the Hammett family, consisting of husband and wife, two daughters and a son, who he shot to death in the city on April 29th last. Ortwein confessed his crime almost soon after arrested and expressed himself as ready to pay the penalty of his crime.—The Congressional committee on the subject of the Panama canal yesterday. They admit in the declaration that the action of the recent returning board in refusing to let the five Democrats afterwards ejected by the military was fraudulent; favor the restoration of the canal to the United States and insist for the complete restoration of friendly relations between all the people, the withdrawal of federal troops, leaving the people of the State to govern themselves and their property. The Hon. Ben-Perkins, trustee of the canal yesterday with the re-diret examination of Mrs. Moulton and the court adjourned. Gen. Tracy is to open the case for the defense, and it is reported his address will occupy nearly the next three days.

THURSDAY, Feb. 25.—The tornado which passed over Houston, Iowa, Tuesday, destroyed several buildings and much property. A large residence of J. H. Potter was fatally injured and Dr. Williams had several ribs broken and his lungs injured. A train freight cars were blown from the track, and some cars carried a distance of 100 yards.

The conservative caucus of the Louisiana Legislature has elected the members of the committee to be by the Congressional committee.

The Legislature of Ohio has passed a bill providing for compulsory education. ... Gen. Joseph H. Hawley has been renominated to Congress by the Republicans of the first district of Connecticut. ... Wintermute, who killed General Sherman, was sentenced to life imprisonment for 1000 ball required by the Superior Court, but has been discharged from jail. ... Now that the bill for the admission of Colorado as a State has been successful in the Senate, the Republican members in Congress have decided to press a bill for the admission of New Mexico at the same time possible.

... The first of the anti-slavery friends named Densey, in Washington City, shot his paramour, Lota Warren, on Wednesday night, and then attempted his own life. Both parties were in a critical condition yesterday.

... The Massachusetts House yesterday rejected the proposition to amend the constitution so as to give the right of suffrage to persons by 50 to 130. ... Harris, the so-called South Boston wire murderer, has been convicted of murder in the second degree.

FRIDAY, Feb. 26. — The ice in the Mississippi river at St. Louis, which has been an embarrassment since Jan. 4th, predicted for a day with damage to the large number of boats lying along the shore. ... Advice from New Orleans are that the compromise proposed by the Congressional committee is very well received, and that it has acceptance. ... A paper from Washington intimates that the tariff bill will pass the Senate substantially as it did the House. ... The Communists of Chicago, a society composed principally of foreign laborers, made a speech at the meeting of the 25th of the month past are becoming turbulent and threaten to help themselves to food if it is not furnished them by the aid societies. The authorities are fully informed of all their movements, and should any such movement be attempted, they will be severely dealt with. ... The freight agents of the trunk railroad lines running west from New York, have announced a large reduction in rates for sugar and coffee, which was expected. It is believed that the reduction on all other classes of goods. ... Trial of fifty-one persons of Owen county, Ky., for conspiring to prevent a United States Marshal from executing a process of the court in progress at London, Ky., is fixed for the 27th of March. ... Without the aid of Timothy H. Copeland, who served with the first Napoleon in all his wars, died recently in St. Brown county, Ky., poor house. ... The cotton receipts for the week ending Feb. 26, 27, 28 were as follows: New York \$2,383; Baltimore \$1,175; Philadelphia \$223,767; Baltimore \$114,468.

SATURDAY, Feb. 27.—Ex-Senator James V. Nye, en route from the South to Washington with his daughter and servant, was missing from the train on its arrival at Alexandria, V., and fears were entertained that he got up in his sleep and walked off the car. Inquiry, however, developed the fact that he left the train at Richmond, and was hiding himself in the d-pot, where he was found nearly nude condition. Mr. Nye has fully shown evidence that his mental faculties were wavering, and on this account he was induced to visit his daughter in Florida. In conduct on leaving the train in this condition he did, confirms the worst fears of his friends as to his mental e.

tion... Mr. Bartlett, attorney for the Pacific Mail steamship company, it is announced, left Washington, Friday, for Minnesota, to attend the property of Wm. S. King, in order to recover the amount unpaid by him in connection with the fall subsidy. The Chicago & Alton, a director of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern and Chicago & Rock Islands railroads, died at Erie, Pa., Friday night, 78.... A dispatch from Washington says that the ways and means committee of the senate will complete their report on the Pacific Mail subsidy. It is understood that the committee will recommend that measures be taken to secure the prosecution of Wm. S. King of Minnesota and Congressman Schumaker of Illinois, who were indicted for the same offense, the robbery case adjoining St. Andrew's church, Duane street, New York, was blown over by the wind last night, and went crashing through the church, which was filled with people, killing six persons and seriously wounding twenty others. The New York Herald, under the editorial of Henry C. Bowen, editor of the Brooklyn Independent, published a card in the New York papers of Friday asserting that the statement made by B. F. Trencher, counsel for Brecher in the Titon-Brecher case, was a forgery. The card was signed against Brecher, was a malignant falsification of the truth, and was intended to be taken from beginning to end, as said Tracy could have shown by announcing him to the witness stand.... By the breaking away of the ice in the Chesapeake bay, the steamer Chesapeake, which had been lying at anchor at Maryland, near Philadelphia, was blown away from the anchorage, and, striking the bottom of the lower part of the town, did great damage, and causing a suspension of all the business but one, thus throwing two thousand persons out of employment.... The steamship company from London for Spain, the ship, which was in the Indian Ocean, and which has persons are known to have perished and eighteen are missing.... James T. Tyler of Indiana, has been nominated by the President second assistant Postmaster-General.... Gordon, a naval cadet at Annapolis, was dismissed for refusing to oblige with a colored cadet.

MEXICO, March 11.—[Times.]—The report of the Ways and Means Committee in regard to the Pacific Mail investigation was made Saturday. It recommends that the papers in regard to Wm. King and Schunacker be submitted to the next Congress for its action; also that the testimony of the gentlemen before the committee be transmitted to the U. S. District Attorney of the District of Columbia, to be laid by him before the Grand Jury, and that any reporter or correspondent who has been guilty of any pecuniary wrong in procuring the subsidy be censured and deprived of his seat as such reporter or correspondent.... The Kentucky Library drawing commenced Friday night. The principal price, \$36,000, was drawn by Mr. J. C. Smith, of Louisville, and was \$10,000 less than the next prize, \$26,000. Three hundred winners are on a strike in the Antipha (Pa) mines and rough mines are lethargic. Several new have already been badly beaten by the suspended ones, and are forced to suspend. Among contributions by the U. S. Senate Feb. 6th, were the following: James N. Tynes of Indiana to be Second Assistant Postmaster General; M. E. Fiebel to be Register and J. F. McLaughlin to be Commissioner of the General Land Office; John Barchi, Indian Agent at Grand Falls, Dakota; Thomas S. Tree, Sacs and Foxes, Iowa; H. T. Livingston, Upper Missouri agency, Dakota; and C. Bridget, Indian agent, Wisconsin. The following postmasters are discontinued by the Senate Feb. 26th: C. S. Lord, Shakopee, Minn.; T. W. Altherton, Osage, Iowa; J. C. Barrett, Keokuk, Iowa; Elliott Schultz, Mar-

Winn, Wetherbee, Walshaw, Munn; Y. O'Brien, Atlanta, Iowa. From these telegrams that Stone Call has surrendered himself and land of about 1,600 persons, including his wife and children, and that the Indians were recovered last fall. The Indians are to give up their arms and ponies and go into camp near the Arapaho Agency.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

SENATE, Feb. 23.—Several petitions, memorials, and resolutions were referred, among them one from colored citizens of Georgia for passage of the civil rights bill. From citizens of Michigan asking that \$200 in legal fees be paid to the State of Michigan, for a grant to soldiers of the late war, and from citizens of Dakota Territory for opening of the Black Hills. The Senate then adjourned until the adjournment bill passed. The military academy bill was then taken up. Thurman offered an amendment to the bill, that the land be one-half, on the ground that others were now largely in excess of the needs of the service. This proposition was very generally agreed in, and the bill was passed. The amendment was rejected. The whole bill, the amendment was rejected. Bill then passed. The pension bill was then taken up. The Senate agreed to incorporate his proposition for the counting of votes for President and Vice President, as an amendment, but without success. The postal bill was then taken up. The Senate agreed to amend and completed, except that part relating to annulling the Pacific Mail franchise. The bill was then taken up. The amendment to the bill reviving the franking privilege was rejected, except so far as re-annulling the franchise of the Pacific Mail. Congress then adjourned until the 27th.

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SENATE, Feb. 23.—Mr. Logan reported the House bill for equalizing bonds and asked its immediate consideration, but objection was made by Howe. A memorial was presented to the Senate, signed by the members of the legislature, claiming that the change made in the penal code of that State in effect disfranchised the colored people. The Senate then proposed legislation nullifying the constitutional amendments, and asking the President to suspend the writ of *habeas corpus*. Thereafter the House announced the postponement of the bill annulling the contract of 1872 with the Pacific Mail Company and the bill for the relief of the *United States*. The House then passed the appropriation bill. The appropriations for officers, soldiers, sailors, and marines, and for the purchase of metallic ammunition, and for the manufacture of the new model breech-loading muskets, were passed in the aggregate \$2,000,000; and the bill for the relief of \$20,000 was also passed. The House then passed our coast defenses. The bill then passed. The proposition to establish a branch at New Orleans was postponed. The bill to admit Colorado as a State was taken up, but without action, adjourned.

HORSE, Feb. 23.—The new tariff bill was taken up. After a large number of amendments had been made, one of which was to restore the income tax, it was reported to the House, when Mr. Dawes, on behalf of the committee of ways and means, moved that the bill be passed with a suitable a bill taxing whisky to be hereafter made 50 cents a gallon, tobacco and sugar 50 cents a pound, and that the duty on 10 per cent. on manufactured goods, and on that he moved the previous question, which was seconded. The bill was then reported to the Congressional committee which

Louisiana was received and ordered printed. All the members concur in the assertion the action of the returning board in throwing out Conservative members was illegal; the only argument that there was no intimidation of voters at the late election, and also to a compromise recognizing Kellogg as Governor, and to the majority of the House to the Conservative delegates.

tion, Feb. 5.—Mr. Hammond presented today, signed by 49,883 farmers of the lowest, asking an appropriation for the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, which would benefit the navigation of the Ohio, Mississippi and Missouri rivers. The bill for the admission of Arkansas as a state was passed. It was in error, after being amended in some important particulars, passed the former by 70-40, nays 13, and the latter by yeas 81, nays 16. A resolution was adopted directing the members of the constitutional conventions shall be issued within 50 days after adjournment of the legislature to ratify or reject said constitutions shall issue in July, 1876. Mr. Eaton made an address before the assembly, commencing with the votes of President and Vice President, after which adjourned.

The senate today rejected the election of Sheridan vs. Pritchard from Louisiana; the majority reported that Sheridan was elected to the seat. In the case from Arkansas, the senate decided against him and admitted to the seat. The smiddy civil corporation bill was taken up, the discussion relating to it drew into its arguments, the Democrats charging that provisions were appropriate by the general government to protect the rights of negroes who had been used by Republicans to bring negroes, the Republicans indignantly denying charges. After much loud blood had been spilled, the order of business was changed and proceeded with and nine pages of the sixty-eight pages disposed of when the senate adjourned at 12 o'clock.

A meeting for the evening session the morning of the 10th inst., called for the purpose of the house decided to take up the report of the Arkansas affairs, when the Opposition party withdrew. At 12 o'clock, at the hour of 12:15 no progress had been made, and indications were good for another night session.

Senate, Feb. 25.—Mr. Ramsey presented the Senate S. J. R. McMillan as Senator from Minnesota, and Mr. McKim of Wisconsin called up his proposition for appropriations for improving the mouth of the Mississippi river, which was referred to committee. The bill was briefly discussed and laid aside. Morton's bill relating to the land grant to the University of Chicago and considered at length, but without final action adjourned.

February 26.—The filibustering to prevent the taking up of the "force bill" continued through Wednesday night and Thursday, Feb. 27, ending in defeat at 4 o'clock. The majority succeeded in getting a vote on the main question, and the bill was taken up. It passed by a vote of 29 yeas to 20 nays, but without action the House, after a continuous session of 29 hours, adjourned.

February 28.—The civil rights bill was taken up, and, after brief discussion, passed substantially as it came from the House, 88 yeas to 20 nays. At 4 o'clock, Mr. Chamberlain moved to postpone until March 1, and the motion prevailed with the Opposition again in the bill. An evening session was held for consideration of the bill.

MARCH 1.—The "force bill" was unfinished, Feb. 27. The "force bill" was unfinished, considering, consulting the whole of the bill, the constitutionality of several points, after being amended, limiting the authority of the President to suspend the writ of habeas corpus to cases arising in Louisiana, Mississippi, Louisiana and Alabama, and also limiting the operation of the law to two years, the bill was passed by a vote of 88 yeas to 20 nays voting with the Democrats in opposition.

MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE.

January 2, 1878.—*Bills* Lost: House bill appropriating \$200 for survey of canal route between Lakes Minnetonka and Millelacs.

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nts Appropriating \$100 to pay C. He held use of grounds for State Prison. He held g Austin school district boundaries. He held g payment of taxes delinquent prior to when h authorizing towns to aid the Sauk which p railroad company. *Ind. Antislavery Post-* which p House bills—repealing Houston incor- per last p , locating inebriate asylum at Roch- Judge d , repealing De Graff & Co. lien law. Judge b St. P. & P. Extension lines; authorizing office o companies to determine the width of Shaler, and r and repealing the general railroad law. and rac

Over county commissioners, salary of Dodge county treasurer at ranching territory from Anstus district. Elected to the senate, authorizing and vacation of certain therein; time of Cannon River bridge, bonds for a new suspension bridge; fairmount county, to issue \$50,000 bonds, to branch line from Buffalo to New. Amending the statutes relating to conveyances, and the recording of marks and transfers; manufacturing concerns, allowing vote by proxy. Legalizing the sale of land, and authorizing the separate acknowledgment of a deed. Fixing compensation of commissioners, on a State road from Benson to Park, and on a road from Benson to and in Isanti county. Authorizing drugists to keep a record of persons who purchase opium, and to report to St. Cloud and Lake Superior chambers of commerce, and to the board of health at Duluth; the ferry charges on the St. Louis and Great Northern, near Read's. Authorizing widening of the road between Minneapolis and St. Paul; the road between Minneapolis and St. Paul, and the M. & St. L. railroad. Legalizing assessments in the joint school district of Hennepin and Ramsey counties, amending incorporations of St. Paul, Minneapolis and Washburn. Granting ferry privileges on the Mississippi river, and authorizing the execution of deeds by witnesses; investment of school and university. Authorizing condemnation of lands for the construction of a new road, and opening a State road from Rush City to Wadena. Fixing Meeker county seat at Wadena. Amending the statutes relating to the conveying of land taken for railroad.

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of the S. J. R. McMillan, the United States Senator-elect, was born in Fayette County, Pennsylvania, in 1826, and graduated from Duquesne College in 1849. He came to Minnesota in 1852, taking up his abode at Stillwater. When the State was organized, in 1858, he was elected to be the first judicial district, which office he held until 1864, when he was elected Judge Flandrau as associate justice of the Supreme Court, a position to which position he was

1875 and re-elected in 1872. In this position until the resignation of Chief Justice Ripley in 1874, he was appointed Chief Justice, to which position he was elected in November by some ten thousand majority. Gilliam has never held any official position. He studied law in the office of Edwin M. Stanton and Judge M. M. Davis. Always an outspoken Republican, is a man of family and high standing.

ber of Ballots and When
List of the Forty-Six Can-
didate Votes They Received—
Record Made in the Contest by
Member of the Legislature.

on the St. Paul Dispatch.]
 torial election of 1875 begins a
 Minnesota politics, with par-
 tizing and the personal for-
 mations largely dependent upon
 they have made in the past
 Hence the DISPATCH presents
 plished statements of the bal-
 Senator, including the votes of
 of the Legislature, and con-
 in so doing it contributes an
 of the conduct of political af-
 fairs, which will be of interest to
 and valuable for reference.
 pains have been taken to have
 entirely correct.

ballot was taken in the two
parately, and the Joint Conven-
the day following. In all thirty-
were had as follows.

No. Ballots.	No. Ballots.	Jan 5.
n. 19. 1	Friday, Feb. 6. 1	HILL—Do
Jan. 20. 1	Wednesday, Feb. 10. 1	HUBBARD
21. 1	Thursday, Feb. 11. 1	9; McMillan
22. 1	Friday, Feb. 12. 1	LANODON
n. 26. 1	Saturday, Feb. 13. 3	burn 3; Pill
Jan. 27. 1	Monday, Feb. 15. 3	10; Cole 3; I
Jan. 28. 1	Tuesday, Feb. 16. 3	LINEAU
29. 1	Wednesday, Feb. 17. 1	Lochen 2
Jan. 30. 1	Thursday, Feb. 18. 4	Lochen 15
Feb. 1. 1	Friday, Feb. 19. 1	McDON
2. 1	—	McGOVERN
Feb. 3. 1	Number of voting	McKESICK
Feb. 4. 1	days 23; ballots. \$2	MEALEY—
		Lochen 15

ent below a full list of the
n several persons who were
nomination for United States
ther formally or by votes be-

then. In some instances the candidates have used an expression of the voters' reaction with the real candidates, and solely as complimentary. In instances that would not be true there were voters who influenced the election. The list is (Democrats and Liberal Republicans and Republicans in Roman numerals):

1. William Donnelly,
Ignatius Lochren,
Henry H. Stiley,
Eugene C. Wilson,
Thomas Wilson,
Edmund Rice,
George L. Hamilton,
Isaac Stephens,
J. C. Hamilton,
J. L. Baxter,
Amos Cogswell,
James L. Allen,
M. J. Severance,
Lucius F. Hubbard,
Charles C. Smith,
Nate Nelson,
James H. Baker,
Samuel Marshall,
J. C. Grover,
Win. R. Kinyon,
A. M. Allen,
H. C. Waite.

2. Pillsbury,
Cushman,
Pillsbury,
Webster,
Allen,
Burr-1,
Burr-2,
Davis,
Allen,
Wells-3,
McMillan,
Wells-4,
White-1,
White-2,
Cochran,
McMillan.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT
1. Lochren
2. Allen
3. Allen
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McMillan 2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Beno-R	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Bennery 1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Westburn	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
BERRY-H	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Cole 11; M	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Lowgren 2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Cole 5; Fol	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Millan 1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Brown-1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Loehren 2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
BURCHARD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1. Lochren	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
BULLSON	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
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Dyars-2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Loehren 22	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
CAMP-G	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Fillsbury 4	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
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CHADDER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
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CHADDER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
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CHAMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Loehren 29	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
CLARKE-	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Westburn	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
CLEMENT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Cole 6; M	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
COLLINS-	1	2														

[illegible]

13	Sibley	3	7	TURKHA-
2	Wilson, E. M.	1	8	Yettillan G.
5	Wilson, Thos.	1	9	GASKILL
3	Merriman	1	10	Millan 4.
1	Becker	1	11	1 Cole
5	Staples	1	12	ELLICK
1	Chadfield	1	13	Ramsay 2.
1	McKusick	1	14	THOMAS
3	Smith	1	15	7. F.
1	Cornell	1	16	GOODRICH
1	Chadfield	1	17	sey 1; Aust
1	Keino	1	18	5. Millan 4.
2	Leahy	1	19	Cole 8; Nie
1	2	1	20	Millan 2.
2	Marshall	1	21	SHOVER
1	Severance	1	22	Clarke
8	Clarke	1	23	2; McMillan
3	Freeman	2	24	Ham- 6.
1		1	25	
1		1	26	
1		1	27	HELLING
1		1	28	1; Ramsay
1		1	29	1; Hults
1		1	30	1; Hults

Record of the Voters.
We give in the order of the several record of the votes cast by

and Representative. An
the first paragraph will
plain the met od of the
tor Armstrong voted for
first fourteen ballots; was
lowing six ballots; then
shburn seven times; and
Hoyt—Donne
Lochren 6; Davi
HUGHES—Donne
INGERSON—W
Millan 6; Buckh
2; Waite 2; Mc
INGERS—Rams
Cole 3; Washbu

Davis 14; absent 6; Washburn
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msey 17; Cole 1; Child 1;
4; McMillan 1.
lly 6; Lochren 26.

[illegible][illegible]

Donnelly 6; Lochren 9; Davis
Wescott-18
Washburn 1; C
West-Rams
Wheat-Ran
Wheeler-D

[illegible][illegible]

1979; Donnelly 1; Ramsey 1;
Austin 1; Hill 1; McMillan 1;
Hill 7; Austin 1; Cole 2; Austin
1; Hill 4; Davis 1;
McMillan 6; Siley 1; Lochren 5;
Austin 1; Hill 1; McMillan 1;
Cole 1; Hill 1; Child 1; Cole
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Austin 1; Hill 1; McMillan 1; Ram-
sey 7; Washburn 1;
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Hill 1; Cole 3; Austin 1; Mc-
Millan 7; Cole 3; Austin 1;
Hill 1; Cole 2; Nicholas 1;
Austin 5; Coggeswell 1; Lochren
1; McMillan 1; Pillsbury 1; Sarnborn
Austin 2; Freeman 1; Austin
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McMillan 2; Kinyon 2; McMil-
lan 4;
Hill 5; Pillsbury 12; Ramsey 1;
Austin 4; McMillan 1;
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 Ramsey 16; Lechren 6;
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 1; absent 1; Ramsey 12;
 1; Grover 1; Ramsey
 8; Becker 2; Donnelly 2;
 1; Pillsbury 1; absent 2;
 1; Washburn 10; Cole
 1; Lochen 8; absent
 1; absent 1; Donnelly
 3; Lochen 1; Davis 2;
 Lochen 9; absent 6;
 1; Lochen 3; absent
 1; Lochen 26;
 1; Lochen 26;
 3; McMillan 3; Ramsey 1;
 McMillan 6;
 7; McMillan 2; Averill 1;
 1; Washburn 3; Folsom
 1; Pillsbury 1; Ramsey 4;
 2; Pillsbury 2; absent 1;
 1; Washburn 1; Pillsbury
 1;
 Washburn 10; McMillan 5;
 4; paired 1; Ramsey 2;
 1; absent 1; Davis 5; Mc-
 Nichols 1; White 6; Mc-
 17; Cole 13; McMillan 2;
 1; Cole 1; Child 1;
 1;
 1; Austin 3; Washburn 3;

17; Austin 1; Cole 4;
4; McMillan 5.
7; Cole 13; McVillan 2.
17; Cole 13; McMillan 4.
14; absent 3; Cogswell 3;

analysis.

Of the first ballot of the sixty men who voted on the first ballot, or McMillan on the last, Cole, Of the twenty Davis on the first ballot on the last ballot for Lochren, and one for fifty-three who voted for Donnelly, fifty-one ballot for Lochren, and Of the ten whose votes the first ballot, four ballot for McMillan and six for McMillan and winning the balloting \$2 Ramsey, 57 for Cole, 55 for Washburn, and 41 on no one ballot. McMillan, write all three times voted for him; highest vote on any one Ramsey's 61; Donnelly's Washburn's 44; and Da-

Senate Complete.

is a list of the Senate of Congress, as rendered election in Minnesota. (Independent Republicans in present Republicans 5; of Democracy in nancy, 1; total 74.) The each Senator's term exte his name:

ARKANSAS
1877 Powell Clayton.
1879 S. W. Dursay.
CONNECTICUT
1879 Orris S. Ferry.
1881 Wm. C. Edoon.
FLORIDA
1879 S. B. Coover.
1881 Charles W. Jones.
ILLINOIS
1877 John A. Logan.
1879 R. J. Oglesby.
IOWA
1877 Geo. G. Wright.
1879 Wm. B. Allison.
KENTUCKY
1877 T. W. Stevenson.
1879 T. C. McCreery.
MAINE
1877 Lot M. Morrill.
1881 Hamilton Hamlin
MASSACHUSETTS
1877 Geo. S. Boutwell.
1881 Henry L. Dawes.
MINNESOTA
1877 Wm. Windom.
1881 S. J. McMillan.
MISSOURI
1879 Lewis F. Rogy.
1881 M. G. Cockrell.
NEVADA
1879 John F. Jones.
1881 William Sharou.

1871 SLAV ABUSE.
 1877 P. T. Freling-
 hyusen.
 1881 F. F. Randolph.
 NORTH CAROLINA.
 1877 M. W. Ransom.
 1879 *Arg. s. Merriman*.
 OREGON.
 1877 James K. Kelly.
 1879 John H. Mitchell.
 RHODE ISLAND.
 1877 H. B. Anthony.
 1881 A. E. Burdick.
 TENNESSEE.
 1877 Henry Cooper.
 1881 Andrew Johnson.
 VERMONT.
 1879 Justin S. Morrill.
 1881 Gen. F. Edmunds.
 WEST VIRGINIA.
 1877 Henry G. Davis.
 1881 A. T. Ceperdon.

That Col. Charles A.
 ke City, has cast his lot
 City widow, who con-
 can stand such "mis-

ur Druggist and get a bottle for 76 cents and
r 11—two doses will relieve you.

Chaska Valley Herald.

L. DUBOIS & CO., Publishers.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

TUESDAY, March 2.—The public debt was discussed during February \$6,680,183. The President has signed the bill which...
The Chicago Board of Trade, holds 10,075, the number which drew the second prize, \$28,000, in the Louisville lottery...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...
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WEDNESDAY, March 3.—The laudation of the Sioux Indians has been continued. Gen. Augustus...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

THURSDAY, March 4.—The Wisconsin Assembly has passed the Quinlan railroad bill, allowing a very considerable advance in certain rates of freight, though still preserving the principal features of the Potter law...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

FRIDAY, March 5.—The amended railroad bill has passed both houses of the Wisconsin Legislature...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

SATURDAY, March 6.—A telegram from New York of the 4th inst. says that Wm. S. King, Congress member from Minnesota, arrived in that city this morning...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

the river and prevent such excursions...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

MONDAY, March 8.—A rumor is current that Plymouth Church has subscribed \$115,000 to defray Beecher's expenses in his suit with Tilton...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.
SENATE, Feb. 27.—The civil rights bill was taken up and after brief discussion, passed...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

SENATE, March 1.—The Southern force bill was read and passed...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

SENATE, March 3.—The sundry civil appropriation bill was passed...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

regional record" public documents printed and ordered to be printed by the present Congress...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

NOTE.—The closing session of both Houses of Congress continued throughout the entire night of the 3d and up to 12 noon of the 4th...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE.

STATE SENATE, March 1.—House Bill 100, relating to the public debt, was passed...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

HOUSE, March 1.—The resolution of the Louisiana selected committee was taken up...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

SENATE, March 1.—The House equalization bill, amended by striking out the clause providing for the deduction of State bonds...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

SENATE, March 3.—The sundry civil appropriation bill was passed...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

legalizing an election in Sixth Ward, St. Paul, appropriating \$500 for roads and bridges from State funds...
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county; \$500, Blue Earth river, Fairmount county; Memorial for mail route from Benson to Fort Wadsworth...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

HOUSE, Senate Bill Passed. Providing for a clerk for the insurance commission; general appropriation; normal school appropriation; \$50,000 for completing insane asylum; to fund existing debt of West State Jail...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

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First. The amount of its capital stock. Second. The amount of its preferred stock, if any, and the conditions of its preference...
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MINNESOTA NEWS ITEMS.
MADEIRA has fifty converts, as the result of the late religious revival...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

FAIRBANKS.—The sick list in town is a most discouraging one. Colds, fevers and pneumonia are all the rage...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

THE BOARD OF TRADE.—The Board of Trade, of Blue Earth City, have resolved to limit credit to four months, at which time debts must be settled by payment or note at 12 per cent. interest...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

EDWARD HYLAND has purchased the farm of C. Underwood, in the town of Rosemount, Dakota county, for \$13,000. It is said to be one of the finest farms in the county...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

PASTOR R. P. KERR.—Sister Mary Joseph, collector and solicitor for the benefit of the Holy Family of St. Paul, has been in the city for the past three weeks, and meets with good success...
The United States Express Company, which was robbed by a party who carried off the express messenger at Chicago some four weeks since, was arrested Saturday at Cape Girardeau, Mo., by detective Wm. A. Pinkerton. Johnson...

INTENTIONAL INFLUENCE EXPOSURE

Wagons!

Have Just Received a Car Load of the Celebrated Milburn Wagons!

FOR SALE!

Hardware, Stores and Tinware of Every description.

Chaska, Minn.

P. HENK.

Carpets!

Wall Papers and Window Shades, Damask, Lace and Muslin Curtains.

To the trade throughout the State, we can furnish goods in our line cheaper than ever before offered by any house in the State.

Salesroom No. 44 and 46 W. Third Street, St. Paul, Minn.

J. C. OSWALD.

Wholesale Dealer in

Bourbon and Rye Whis-

kies, Brandies, Gins,

Wines and Cigars.

No. 8, Ponce de Leon House,

Minneapolis, Minn.

Minneapolis Marble Works

HERRICK & SON.

MANUFACTURERS OF

MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES &c.

Corner Nicollet St. between 3d & 4th Sts.

St. Paul, Minn.

PAINTING

W. C. GALE,

HOUSE, SIGN, CARRIAGE AND

ORNAIMENTAL PAINTER,

SHAKOPEE.

207 Alameda St. at E. G. Hall & Co's

Drug Store, Chaska, Minn. will be promptly at-

tended to.

A. C. LASSEN.

Notary Public.

WACONIA, Minn.

Will acknowledge and make out Deeds,

Mortgages &c. at all times. Charges reas-

onable.

J. W. ARCTANDER,

Attorney at Law.

Brackets Block, Rooms 6 & 7,

Minneapolis, Minn.

Has opened a Branch office in Chaska, with

Edw. Sargent, where he can be found every

day.

DEUTSCH WIRD GESPROCHEN.

DR. ARCTANDER DER SLEKKE ADVOKAT.

HARNESS SHOP.

CHASKA, Minn.

The undersigned has on hand a large

assortment of harnesses of all kinds, which

he will sell cheap for cash. Good harness

from \$25 to \$40. Repairing done on short

notice. Those wishing a set of harness

and better call on him before going else-

where.

G. SCHUBERT, Propr.

E. J. S. RICHARDSON

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

CHASKA, Minn.

Has on hand and is constantly manufac-

turing

WAGON WAGONS, LIGHT DOUB-

LE AND SINGLE WAGONS AND

BUGGIES.

The undersigned will sell cheap and guarantee satisfaction

to all customers.

Will be in need of anything in his line will do

it for him. Give him a call before purchasing else-

where.

Wagon Wagon, Light Double and Single Wagons and Buggies.

Will be in need of anything in his line will do it for him. Give him a call before purchasing else-

where.

Wagon Wagon, Light Double and Single Wagons and Buggies.

Will be in need of anything in his line will do it for him. Give him a call before purchasing else-

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Wagon Wagon, Light Double and Single Wagons and Buggies.

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where.

HOME ITEMS

HERALD AGENT CARTER - G. A. DuTOIT

REDUCTION IN FARE.

The V. & St. L. Road has reduced the fare to Minneapolis to one dollar.

Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway.

Trains going North, depart:

1:35 A. M.

5:55 P. M.

8:55 P. M.

4:55 P. M.

S. W. LUKK, Agent.

Hastings & Dakota Ry. Time Table.

GOING WEST.

CHASKA 10:45 A. M.

CHASKA 11:50 A. M.

CHASKA 11:55 A. M.

CHASKA 12:20 P. M.

CHASKA 1:15 P. M.

CHASKA 2:30 P. M.

CHASKA 3:30 P. M.

CHASKA 4:30 P. M.

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CHASKA 4:55 P. M.

MEAT MARKET.

Minneapolis Headquarters

BY HENRY GEHL.

At Chaska and Carver

Keeps constantly on hand all kinds of fresh

meat and sausage of the best quality.

Highest market price paid for cattle,

calves, sheep and pigs. Farmers if you

have any let me know.

Death to Pain!

Readers: Pass me not by but read what

I say, I will do you good. Winter is upon

us and with it its Pains and Aches. It

brings Rheumatism, Neuralgia. It causes

Burns, Freezes, Chills, it produces In-

flamations, Sore Throats, Diphtheria. We

meet with accidents, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts,

Sores, for which we need something to give

relief. Go to your druggist and get a bot-

tle of Bick's Death to Pain, use it accord-

ing to directions, use freely and if it fails

to give relief take back the empty bottle

and get your money. It costs you nothing

unless it cures. You can desire nothing

fairer, try it. Take none other. Every

druggist is authorized to refund the

money if it fails to give relief.

If your druggist does not keep it, write

him send to Noyes Bros. & Cutler, whole-

sale agents, St. Paul, or to L. Bick, Owa-

tonna Minn., Manufacturer and Proprie-

tor.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default has been made in the condition

of a certain mortgage executed by Henry

Georg, of the County of Carver and State

of Minnesota to Charles Schindler of the

same county and state dated December 20th,

1893, and duly recorded in the office of the

Register of Deeds said county Minnesota

on the 31st day of May A. D. 1894, at 2 o'clock

A. M. in book "G" of Mortgages on page 265,

wherein it is stated that the said Henry

Georg has failed to pay the sum of Five

Hundred and Fourty-two dollars principal

and interest, and has failed to pay the

sum of Five Hundred and Fourty-two dol-

lars principal and interest, and has failed

to pay the sum of Five Hundred and Four-

ty-two dollars principal and interest, and

has failed to pay the sum of Five Hundred

and Fourty-two dollars principal and in-

terest, and has failed to pay the sum of

Five Hundred and Fourty-two dollars prin-

cipal and interest, and has failed to pay

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dollars principal and interest, and has

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Five Hundred and Fourty-two dollars prin-

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the sum of Five Hundred and Fourty-two

NOTICE.

C. S. INTERNAL REVENUE

SPECIAL TAXES

May 1, 1875, to April 30, 1876.

The Revised Statutes of the United States,

Sections 3232, 3237, 3238, and 3239, re-

quire every person engaged in any busi-

ness, avocation, or employment which re-

quires him liable to a Special Tax. To Pro-

vide and place conspicuously in his estab-

lishment or place of business a Stamp de-

noting the payment of said Special Tax for

the Special Tax Year beginning May 1,

1875, before commencing or continuing

business after April 30, 1875.

The Taxes Enforced Within The Pro-

visions of the Law Above Quoted

Are The Following, Viz:

Rectifiers, \$200.00

Dealers, retail liquor, 25.00

Dealers, wholesale liquor, 100.00

Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale, 50.00

Dealers in malt liquors, retail, 25.00

Dealers in leaf tobacco, 25.00

Retail dealer in leaf tobacco, 500.00

And on sales of over \$1,000, fifty cents

for every dollar in excess of \$1,000.

Dealers in manufactured tobacco, 5.00

Manufacturers of stills, 50.00

And for each still manufactured, 20.00

Manufacturers of tobacco, 20.00

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BAXTER & CHILD,
Attorneys at Law

CHASKA ... MINN.
L. L. BAXTER. H. A. CHILD.

Garden City House.
—:—:—

CHASKA ... MINN.
This hotel is newly furnished, and centrally situated, with good stabling attached, and charges moderate.

WM. BRINKHAUS, Propr.

CHASKA HALL.
—:—:—

EAST MINNEAPOLIS ... MINN.
BY

ANTON PEITZ.
—:—:—

No. 6, main street, north of Bridge Square, keeps constantly on hand choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Give me a call, and try some of our old bottles.

CLARK HOUSE.
—:—:—

MINNEAPOLIS ... MINN.
Corner of Hennepin Avenue and fourth street.

Opened November 17th 1874, and furnished with all modern improvements.
F. W. HANSOU, Proprietor.

H. S. HOWE,
Proprietor of the

CENTRAL DINING HALL.
MINNEAPOLIS ... MINN.
Academy of Music Building. Meals at all hours.

AUG. KORIZEK,
JEWELER.

MINNEAPOLIS ... MINN.
Corner of 1st Street and Nicolet Avenue.

—:—:—

All kinds of gold and silver working neatly done, watches, clocks &c., repaired, gold and silver plating made a specialty.

Buys old gold and silver. Work can be sent by express and will be returned promptly.

All work guaranteed.
dec 3, 6m.

WM. SCHMIDT. FRED RICHTER.

SCHMIDT and RICHTER.
—:—:—

PORTERS & WHOLESALE

DEALERS IN

WINES & LIQUORS.
No. 17 & 19, Sidney St.

ST. PAUL ... MINN.
—:—:—

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1855.

FI CK & THEOBALD.
—:—:—

Wholesale Dealer in

Licors & Wines,

Direct Importers of

RHINE WINES,

471 Third St. between Exchange and Eagle Streets.

ST. PAUL ... MINN.
—:—:—

Contractor and Builder.

CHAS. KENNING.
—:—:—

Announces to the public that he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line at the lowest possible prices.

Will furnish all materials at Minneapolis figures.
Dec. 3d ly.

Carver County Ins. Agency

Attention Farmers and Freeholders of Carver County.

If you wish to have your property insured against damage by fire or lightning, or your crops in the field, against hail, in good reliable, time tried, and fire tested companies, call on Henry W. Busse at Carver, Minn., who represents eight of the best companies, now on record. Rates low, and plenty of money on hand to pay their share of losses.

H. J. KENNING,
Architect and Builder

CHASKA ... MINN.
Has permanently located in Chaska, and will do all kinds of drafting, accurate measurements given. Also will do all kinds of building, either by contract, or furnish any amount of men by day at the lowest possible figures. All work done in the best of workman-like manner. Any amount of references given if required. Also practical millwright and machinist.

Those wanting work done in my line will do well by giving me a call before going elsewhere.

Public Auctioneer.
The undersigned has been duly authorized to act as auctioneer in this County and respectfully solicits a share of the patronage from my fellow citizens of this County. Terms reasonable. Jacob Dybbroff, Auct.

The Weekly Valley Herald.

A. L. DU TOIT & CO., Proprietors.
CHASKA, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, MARCH 25 1875
VOLUME 13
TERMS, \$1.50 Per Annum.
NUMBER 33

The Valley Herald

Official County Paper.



A. L. DU TOIT, Publisher.
H. A. CHILD, Editor.

Genl. J. H. Baker has resigned the office of Commissioner of Pensions, on account of his health, and has been appointed Surveyor General of Minnesota to succeed Dana E. King, who resigned on account of his health.

Orlando Simons of St. Paul has been appointed, by Gov. Davis, as associate Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Ramsey Co.

Mr. Simons has been associated with H. F. Masterson in the practice of law in St. Paul for twenty seven years, and the appointment is considered to be one of the best that could have been made. Gov. Davis is entitled to much credit for his judicious appointment of Judges for this year.

The Minneapolis Tribune recommends what it terms an honest "lobby" in Congress and says, "Every State in the Union has some interest of this character to conserve and it is essential to the proper understanding of the subject by Congress that it should have its lobby member in attendance to give necessary information to the members of Congress."

What do the people send men to Congress for but to work for the interests of the state and to give other members facts figures and full information.

We agree with the Tribune that in many cases, it is necessary to have the member assisted by one who knows the necessities of the state and who has the ability to make it known, but we can not agree that such things are necessary. Elect men to Congress who know the wants and interests of their state and who can make it known, then there will be no necessity of any state sending a "lobby member."

How would the Tribune have that "lobby member" elected?

Proceeding County Commrs.
AUDITORS OFFICE, CARVER CO. MINN.
CHASKA, March 10th 1875.

The board of County Commissioners met pursuant to adjournment. Members present: Griffen, Wessbacher, Barthel & Patterson. The board was called to order by the Chairman.

On motion of Commr. Patterson the proceedings of the last Session were read and approved.

On motion of Commr. Barthel the Board adjourned till one o'clock p. m.

One o'clock p. m. The board met pursuant to adjournment. Members all present. The board was called to order by the Chairman.

On motion of Commr. Patterson it was voted that \$1 additional, be allowed to a Loman to his monthly relief from Jan. 1st 1875.

A petition was presented by H. Wolf & others, praying for the organization of a new School District which on motion of Commr. Patterson was accepted that notice of the hearing thereon, shall be given by the commr. of the District.

On motion of Commr. Patterson it was voted that Auction License be granted to Jerry Elmann, for 1 year, by paying the amt. of \$10 in to Co. Treasury and by complying with the requirements of the law.

On motion of Commr. Barthel it was voted that \$1500, val. be abated from the Personal property, assessed to John Frank of Chaska for the year 1874.

On motion of Commr. Barthel, the board adjourned till to-morrow 9 o'clock a. m.

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The official bond of L. Streukens Co. Auditor elect, was presented, read and on motion of Commr. Patterson, approved with the surties therein named.

Resolution offered by Commr. Barthel, and its adoption followed by Commr. Griffen, of which the following is a true copy.

Whereas, the Grand Juror of the County of Carver and State of Minnesota, at the last Court term orders, and recomended to the board of County Commissioners of Carver County, to sell the county poor farm at the earliest date, and to make some arrangement with the Paupers, therefore, resolved, by the board of County Commissioners of Carver County that all the real Estate and personal property belonging to the county poor farm will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, and said action will be held March 27th a. d. 1875 at the poor farm.

Personal property will be sold at the following rates: Sums under five Dollars at cash and over five Dollars one year Credit at 5% per annum, and the real Estate to be sold to 40 years 80 — acres or less at a good seven and a half percent interest per annum, and the real Estate to be sold to 40 years 80 — acres or less at a good seven and a half percent interest per annum, and the County Paupers will be let to the lowest bidder per week or per month.

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Deutsches Department.

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L. DUTTOIT & CO., Publishers.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

THE NEWS.

Political.
The Southern States were visited by heavy rains during the first part of March, causing damaging floods in many localities.

The case of Pinchbeck has been postponed by the U. S. Senate until December next, by a vote of 36 to 32.

Twelve appropriation bills passed Congress, calling for \$175,000,000 from the treasury.

The U. S. Senate has discussed at much length, the propriety of endorsing the President's Louisiana policy.

A Madison special of the 15th to the Chicago Tribune says Gov. Taylor has not, as alleged in some quarters, decided to call an extra session of the Legislature to remedy errors in the railroad laws, but expresses himself opposed to such an idea.

It is feared, if called together again, the Legislature might make more mischief than it would mend.

The Republican Senate after much debate, decided to sustain the President in his Louisiana policy, and that the Kellogg government, in that state, shall be sustained, by the general government.

If the sixteen members of Congress from Pennsylvania whose terms expired on the 4th inst., but were so fortunate as to secure a re-election.

Gen. Butler, in a letter on the civil rights bill, says that law does not give any right to a colored man to go into a drinking saloon with the owner of the proprietor, and that a bar-keep is a private business with which the law does not interfere.

The "Louisiana question," which gave rise to so much ill-bustling in the Senate, reads as follows: "Resolved, That the action of the President in protecting the government of Louisiana, in which Wm. P. Kellogg is executive, and the people of that State against domestic violence, and enforcing the laws of the United States, is approved."

Crimes and Casualties.
The roof of a market house in Reading, Pa., gave way on an overcast night, on the 14th inst., killing one boy and seriously injuring three others.

Four men were drowned at Reading, Pa., on Sunday, the 14th, and five others at Huntington, West Va., on the same day.

An effort being made to obtain a respite for a murderer named Jinks, in Richmond, Va., he says he says he does not want the day of hanging postponed.

Two boys at work in a coal screen near Scranton, Pa., were caught in the machinery and crushed to death, their heads and arms being severed from their bodies.

At Indianapolis last week a brute named Lewis Bialop at his wife's throat because she refused to live with him. On the same day a woman in Connecticut killed her two children in the same manner, and then committed suicide with the same knife.

A Ku Klux party has been arrested in Kentucky, charged with numerous murders and other crimes, in Todd county, and a company of militia sent there to preserve the public peace and protect the lives of the colored people, against expected efforts for their release.

Three large and costly railroad bridges spanning the Susquehanna river near Pittsburg, Pa., were swept away by the flood on that river, on the 16th inst. At that time, the bridge of houses were partly submerged but no lives lost.

Ice piled up to the height of thirty feet, darning up the flood, and but for the timely use of nitro glycerine there would doubtless have been terrible destruction of life.

A tornado passed over the town of Richmond, S. C., on the 16th inst., blowing down buildings and killing several people. Trees were torn up by the roots and twisted into splinters.

The damage to western railroads by snow, this winter, is estimated at \$500,000.

Several extensive snow slides are reported in the mountain passes of Utah, attended with considerable loss of life. In Little Cottonwood Canon the snow piled up to the depth of several feet, burying those in the path.

During the flood of the 16th inst., the river at Wilkesboro, Pa., rose 36 feet above low water mark, and all communication with the opposite side was cut off.

Ten convicts, employed at making brick at Little Rock, Ark., revolted on the 18th, and by overpowering the guards, escaped. Eight of them were recaptured during the day.

A fire at Cairo, Ill., on the 17th inst., destroyed \$20,000 worth of property.

A confidential clerk has robbed a Boston railway house of \$20,000 in ten years, and has just been detected.

Springfield, Ill., has been agitated by the arrest of Al Smith, a colored person in the suburbs of that city, who is the leader of a gang of chicken thieves, which has made a business of supplying the city butchers from its spoils.

At Smith's house thirteen barrels of fresh teachers were found and report says two hundred chickens were stolen by his gang in the city in one night.

The noted bandit, Vasquez, was executed at San Jose, Cal., on the 19th inst. He protested his innocence of murder at any time in his life but acknowledged the justice of the sentence, because he was the leader of a murderous band. He died without a struggle.

An insurrection at the Troy coal mines was quelled by according to the demands of the miners for an increase of wages and the discharge of negro employees. The overseer and the superintendent were forced to leave on pain of death.

Reports on the 19th inst. from the scene of the eastern floods, were still more exciting than the first accounts. The whole Wyoming valley was threatened with devastation from the ice gorges should finally give way.

At Fort Deceit the water was from five to fifteen feet deep in the streets. The entire length of Front street, Marietta, a mile and a quarter long was piled with ice to the height of thirty and forty feet. Bridges were being burned to prevent, as far as possible, further additions to the destructive mass which must sweep down the valleys. It was estimated that 2000 men would be unable to clear the ice from the railroad track at Marietta in less than five days.

A fearfully destructive tornado passed over Augusta, Ga., the other day, and much damage was done. Several other towns suffered severely in loss of life as well as property.

The proprietor of Vineland, N. J., C. K. Landis, shot and mortally wounded one of the paper published there, on the 19th, for a fanciful grievance.

A Montreal woman, forty-seven years old, who has been married twenty-two years, and had nine children, has just discovered that she has no affinity for her husband, and eloped with a boy not yet twenty.

Personal.
Orville Brown, of Mankato; A. E. Meigs, Austin and A. P. Graves, of Redwing, have been nominated for postmasters.

The nomination of De Koren to the Bishopric of Illinois, has failed of confirmation.

Mrs. Myra Clark Gaines is at last taking active measures to execute the judgments obtained by her against New Orleans. One of these

involving the sum of \$100,000, has already been levied.

Gen. J. H. Baker has resigned the office of Commissioner of Penitents, and is to receive the appointment of Surveyor General of Minnesota, in the place of Dana E. King, who has resigned on account of ill health.

A New York correspondent describes McMillan, Minnesota's new Senator, as a "small man with a black beard, and a Granger or rural air about him."

Disasters.
Four of the Black Hills gold hunters arrived at Fort Laramie on the 13th inst. They walked from Harney's Peak to Laramie in seven days. The men report mining prospects still more tempting than any former reports, and bring a sample of gold dust mixed with brass "at the very roots of the grass." It is this not an advertising dodge it is good news.

The railroads are carrying Black Hills passengers to Cheyenne at reduced rates. The New York Tribune fund to the grasshopper sufferers of Nebraska and Kansas has reached the sum of \$15,000.

A grand reunion of the volunteers of the war is to be held in Chicago, under the auspices of the Grand Army of the Republic, on the 12th, 13th and 14th of May. Preparations are in progress to make it a reunion on the grandest scale.

Ten thousand colored laborers called on the President, at the White House, on the night of the 15th, to make complaint about the payment of certain contract money. The President declined to see them, and they retired in an orderly manner to hold a mass meeting.

Efforts are now being made to extinguish the title of the Indians to the Black Hills country, and until this is accomplished, the President says, every effort will be made to protect them in their exclusive right thereto.

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valued, many thinking the detonations caused by an earthquake. Houses rocked and shook; people rushed into streets and horses became frightened, adding to the alarm by their plunging. Much damage to windows was done—the large plate glass fronts in Reiden's photograph rooms, Baldwin's dry goods store, near the city hall, Cushing block, the Standard block, and several others, places being shattered. The damage in the city is estimated at from \$25,000 to \$30,000.

An explosion occurred at these powder mills about three years ago, when little damage was done to property, except that owned by the powder company.

Platform of the Greenback Party.
The preamble recites that our government is founded upon and derives its power from the people. The existing evils have resulted from setting party above popular interests. These evils are chiefly displayed in our monetary system and the monopolies which it has engendered. This system being monarchical in its principle and subversive of a Republican government, to resist the encroachment of the money power, to stay corruption and extravagance, and to place the control of the resources and finances of the country in the hands of the people, it has become a duty to organize an independent party on the following basis, as no reliance can be placed in existing parties:

First. It is the duty of the government to establish a monetary system based on the faith and resources of the nation, in harmony with the genius of the government, and adapted to the industrial and commercial needs of the country. To this end, the government should withdraw from circulation, and paper money issued by the government directly to the people in payment of government obligations, without the intervention of any system of banks or other financial institutions, and make a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, duties on imports included, except that portion of the interest and principal of the present public debt that is, by express terms of the law, made payable in metallic money—this money to be interchangeable at the option of the holders with registered government bonds, bearing a rate of interest not exceeding 3.50 per cent. per annum.

Second. This system of finance will, by stimulating our industries and commerce, soon make us the depository of the precious metals of the world.

Third. The adoption of this system, by furnishing sufficient money at interest, will solve the question of cheap transportation, because it will enable railways and the carrying trade to relieve themselves of their loads of debt, and lower rates, and enable the people to construct additional lines wherever internal commerce will require.

Fourth. The course of the government in all legislation to keep in view a full development of the agricultural and mineral resources of the country, and its manufacturing interests.

Fifth. The great interests of the producing industry claim their just recognition at the hands of the government and of the people, and that through the monetary system here proposed, all these interests can be fully secured.

Sixth. As the public domain is the rightful heritage of the people, it should not be distributed to speculators or corporations, but reserved for actual settlers, and the question of cheap transportation, because it will enable railways and the carrying trade to relieve themselves of their loads of debt, and lower rates, and enable the people to construct additional lines wherever internal commerce will require.

Seventh. It is the duty of the government to equalize the bounties of soldiers, and to bring a speedy settlement of all other just claims arising from the late war.

Eighth. All rights, privileges and immunities recognized by the government should be based on citizenship, equal rights before the law being secured by the constitution.

Ninth. We insist upon and demand severe retribution and economy in all branches of public affairs.

Tenth. The rivers and harbors being under the jurisdiction of the government, should be by its improved, and necessary to the commerce of the people.

Eleventh. Through the monetary system herein proposed there will be established between the citizens of this country a firm and lasting bond of union, by giving a common interest in the government, and insuring peace and prosperity to all its inhabitants.

Twelfth. All special privileges, immunities and powers conferred on corporations of any kind or nature, are granted at the expense of the people.

The President and Colored Laborers
Yesterday evening (March 15), about 2,000 colored laborers, with a few whites, marched in procession to the Executive Mansion, intending, it is said, to complain to the President because certain money appropriated by the District of Columbia had been paid to contractors instead of the laborers employed by them. The band on approaching the portico of the mansion played "Hail to the Chief," when a committee of the laborers went to the door, and through an attendant then informed the President of the presence of the crowd. The attendant soon returned with the message, "The President desires to be excused."

The speaker or the party who has been acting as an attorney for many of the laborers, then made a speech, in which he said:

"FELLOW CITIZENS: The President desires to be excused. In other words, the Chief Magistrate cannot receive the laborers of the District of Columbia, but will acknowledge his mandate and retire. This is the first time in the history of the American Republic that a President refused to receive the delegated authority of 100,000 working men."

The crowd here cheered, and voices were heard, "Hail him again." The speaker, after further remarks, moved an adjournment to Judiciary Square, where he held a mass meeting, and the crowd moved off in line, the band playing "The wearing of the green." A detail of fifteen police was ordered to the Executive Mansion, but there was no occasion for their interference.

A gentleman of Paducah found the other night, much to his surprise, that his life knew something about draw poker. The way of it was this: The couple have two fine babies; seeing them asleep in the same bed, the admiring father wondered if anybody had a better pair than that. The wife thought not. The husband then said, speaking in parables, as he thought: "If we could draw three queens, we would have a 'full' that would be hard to beat." And the lady promptly replied: "Excuse me, my son, we'll stand pat on the pair we have."

The Boston Elevator at Lake City was burned Friday morning. There were seventy-five thousand bushels of wheat in store, which was mostly insured. The building was valued at \$50,000; insured for \$10,500.

Congressional Funerals.
In one of his letters to the Boston Journal "Perley" writes:

"Thanks to Judge Poland, chairman of the committee of arrangements for the funeral of Mr. Samuel Hooper, there is no display of the funeral regalia which has been hitherto invariably worn at the obsequies of a Congressman. For the first time at a funeral held at the Capitol, neither the members of the committee of arrangements, the pall-bearers, the chaplain, the physician, nor the mourners wore scarfs of white or black silk, with rosettes on the shoulders. No bands of white or black muslin floated from the hats of the hearse and hack drivers. Neither was there a general distribution among the Congressmen of black gloves accompanied by an intimation that they could be exchanged for fancy kids at the store where they had been purchased. These traditional funeral ornaments were all dispensed with by the direction of Judge Poland, who knew the unostentatious tastes of the deceased, and who felt that it was not necessary to have been acceptable to his departed friend had he been consulted in life. In the days of Democratic rule the expense of the funeral trappings and adornments, with the usual 'contingent' of ten or twelve \$2,000 and on one occasion the funeral expenses of a deceased Senator amounted to \$2,700. Perhaps our independent press friends may admit that in this respect the Republic has established a reform."

"At the same time, the present century there was another class of funeral expenditures unknown in this general, for supplies of creature comforts to the mourning colleagues of the deceased. The members of the committee presented for the funeral the expenses of the Hon. Francis Mahone, a Senator from Rhode Island, who died here in June, 1890, and whose remains were laid to rest here in the Congressional burying ground, are the following:

16 pounds crackers \$3.00
11 1/2 pounds cheese at 26 cents 2.81
The committee, to audit the contingent expenses of the Senator, directed that payment be made for the crackers, but rejected the claim for the cheese. The next voucher presented to them for their approval read thus:

12 pounds crackers \$3.00
4 gallons Cognac brandy 8.00
12 pounds almonds, at 40 cents 4.80
10 pounds raisins, at 60 cents 6.00

Of this account the committee would only allow "for four gallons wine and three quarts brandy, \$22," but they passed another voucher for "fourteen pounds of almonds, at 40 cents, \$5.60, from Monsieur Julien, a confectioner, who supplied 'twelve pounds crackers at \$1.50.'"

A Robust Kentucky View of the Senate.
[From the Louisville Courier-Journal.]

Really, there is little more to be said either for or against Mr. Beecher. That he is guilty is proven by a substantial evidence. The worst that can be said of the world of himself and his paramour. In casting up the score, however, it behooves us to be liberal.

Tilton deserves all he has got for his folly. Mr. Beecher is a sublime jack-in-the-box. The question that ought to perplex us relates to the degree of the pastor's guilt; how greatly was he tempted; how far he justified in ignoring Tilton; how large in part was his sin in female attire. The question that ought to perplex us relates to the degree of the pastor's guilt; how greatly was he tempted; how far he justified in ignoring Tilton; how large in part was his sin in female attire.

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be pitted. If this particular offense is exceptional, he has paid high for it. A romance and a beauty were not worth so much. But it is the tragedy of an infamous life—an aggressive of back pay—God Almighty's bill of particulars embraced in one of Mr. Mantalini's "damnation sum totals"—why, let him slide, and the quicker he travels the better. If he means to go to hell, let him cut his throat or blow his brains out or go direct, not lose around the devil's spouting house in Brooklyn. Let Talmage take the Plymouth club house with its female attendants, and see what he can do with it. Turnabout ought to be fair play, even among the Puritans.

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